

The male genitalia is perhaps more similar to that of *furens* (Poey) than to any other described species in the eastern United States, thus the name *furensoides*—like *furens*. However, it differs from that of *furens* by possessing a prominent right-angled basal appendage on each arm of the aedeagus. The mesonotum lacks the multi-spotted appearance of *furens*, and a notable distinction in wing markings between these two species is the presence of only 2 spots in cell  $R_5$  in *furensoides* as opposed to the 3 in *furens*.

**A NEW GENUS AND SPECIES OF NORTH AMERICAN CYNIPOIDEA**  
(HYMENOPTERA)

In the key to the Eucoilinae on p. 112 in my "Cynipoidea (Hym.) 1905-1950" a provisional new genus E was proposed for small robust species with an unusually short, closed radial cell (not twice as long as broad), wing pubescent and ciliate, mesoscutum smooth, disk rounded behind and not striate, abdomen with a ring of hairs at base. Single collected specimens from widely separated localities had been seen and in a few cases there was a record of the specimen having been reared from leaf miners. In June, 1953, Mr. George P. Wene of the Lower Rio Grande Valley Experiment Station at Westlaco, Texas, sent a small series with a definite rearing record, and it is from this material that the genus is named and a species described.

***Ganaspidium pusillae*, new genus, new species**

*Female*.—Body black, smooth, bare except for white pubescence on sides of pronotum, propodeum, on metapleura and base of tergite II. Head from above transverse, 37 units wide by 20 units long, occiput concave, cheeks not broadened behind eyes; from in front as high as broad, malar space striate, about one-half eye, antennae 13-segmented with a definite 9-segmented club, length 1.5 times width of head, segments 3 and 4 equal. Mesoscutum smooth. Scutellum disk smooth, rounded behind with a row of marginal hairs, eup large, well-elevated with a small pit behind. Wing pubescent, ciliate, length 1.9 times width of head, distally broad (over 5 times width of radial cell), radial cell 1.5 times as long as broad, marginal vein not as heavy as others, cubitus obsolete. Abdomen sessile, little longer than thorax, length to height to width as 38:25:19. Length 0.8-1.15 mm. Average of four, 1.0 mm.

*Male*.—Similar to female with antenna filiform, 15-segmented, length 2.6 times width of head, segments 3 and 4 equal. Length 0.95-1.05 mm. Average of six, 0.98 mm.

*Types*.—U.S.N.M. No. 62839. Type female, allotype and 4 paratypes.

*Host*.—Reared from the serpentine leaf miner, *Liriomyza pusilla* (Meig.), infesting black-eyed peas at Monte Alto, Texas. The leaves were collected May 12, 1953, and the cynipids emerged May 29 and 30. Other parasites emerged before the cynipids. Ice cream cartons were used in rearing.—By LEWIS H. WELD, *Arlington, Va.*